of Fishing Products Inter Agency Transfers became exigent for redeployment of staff.

Resettlement and Rehabilitation Plan Relating to Sardar Sarovar Project

2206. DR. MAHESH CHANDRA SHARMA: Will the Ministrer of WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether a Master Plan for Resettlement and Rehabilitation has been prepared regardeing the Project Affected persons (PAPs) in relation to Sardar Sarover Project;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF WELFARE (SHRI BALWANT SINGH RAMOOWALIA): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The Master Plan contains detailed implementation Plan prepared by the Governments of Gujarat, Madhya pradesh and Maharashtra in respect of project Affected Families of their States. While the Governments of Gujarat and Maharashtra have produced the details for rehabilitation of project Affected Families upto EL-455 ft., the Government of Madhya Pradesh has provided their plan only onto EL-436 ft. The Gujarat Governemnt plan covers rehabilitation of oustees from Madhya Pradesh and Maharshtra in Gujarat as well as their own PAFs to be resettled in Gujarat. Madhya pradesh and Maharashtra have restricted their plans of rehabilitation of oustees to be settled in their respective States only. As per these Master Plans, the rehabilitation and resettlement is expected to be completed by 1997-98.

अनुसूचित जातियों/अनुसूचित जनजातियों के कल्याण हेतु राशि का उपयोग किया जाना

2207. **श्री मोहिन्दर सिंह कल्याण:** क्या कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या विभिन्न राज्य सरकारों ने गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान अनुसूचित जातियों/अनुसूचित जनजातियों के कल्याण के लिए केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा प्रदान की गई राशि का पूर्णतः उपयोग किया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण है; और

(घ) राज्य सरकारों को प्रदान की गई राशि तथा उनके द्वारा किए गए खर्च का वर्ष-वार ब्यौरा क्या है?

कल्याण मंत्री (श्री बलवंत सिंह रामूवालिया): (क) से (घ) पिछले तीन वर्षों में राज्य सरकारों को प्रदान की गई धनराशि तथा इस मंत्रालय की विभिन्न योजनाओं के अंतर्गत उपयोग की गई धनराशि का विवरण अनुपत्र पर है। (देखिए परिशिष्ट 178, अनुपत्र सं॰ 47)

संबंधित राज्यों से उपयोग प्रमाण पत्र के प्राप्त होने के बाद धनराशि प्रदान की जाती है। इस योजना के अंतर्गत केन्द्रीय सहायता संबंधित राज्यों/संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों को उनके द्वारा सूचित विशेष वर्ष के लिए प्रत्याशित व्यय के आधार पर भी प्रदान की जाती है। उपयोग प्रमाण पत्रों का कुल राशि के लिए जरूरी होना आवश्यक नहीं है क्योंकि शामिल कार्यक्रम/कार्य अधिक समय लेने वाले तथा योजनाएं सतत् प्रकार की हैं।

Fifteen Point Programme for minorities

2208. SHRI IQBAL SINGH: Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the performance of various States in the implementation of 15 point programme for minorities;

(b) the State-wise and year-wise details for the last two years; and

(c) the effective measures being taken by Government for upliftment of minorities in the country?

THE MINISTER OF WELFARE (SHRI BALWANT SINGH RAMOOWALIA): (a) and (b) Consolidated progress report compiled on the basis of reports received from States/UTs and Ministry of Home Affairs for the period ending 31.3.95 and 31.3.96 is annexed. *[See Appendix 178, Annexure No. 48]*

(c) Steps taken for effective implementation of the programme at the Centre and State level include:

(i) Periodical monitoring of implementation of the programme both at the Central and State/UT level.

(ii) Guidelines were issued by the Deptt. of Personnel & Training for nominating a member belonging to minority Community on the Selection Boards/Committees set up for recruitment of 10 or more vacancies in Group 'C' and 'D' services of Central Ministries/ Deptts.

(iii) Under the pre-examination coaching scheme candidates belonging to backward sections among minorities are also being trained through the coaching institutions so as to enable them to compete with others in competitive examinations leading to recruitment in public employment and admission in professional courses. States/UTs have been asked to organise special physical training camps for minority candidates so as to enable them to compete effecitively in the recruitment for police services. A similar scheme is also being implemented by UGC through universities and colleges.

(iv) National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation was set up for providing concessional financial assistance to backward sections among minorities for setting up ventures to earn their livelihood.

(v) Scheme of multi-sectoral development plans has been launged in 41 minority concentration districts for the purpose of carrying out survey on the activities conspicuously pursued by minorities with a view to ascertain support required in form of credit, marketing, technology, training etc. and means to arrange them.

(vi) For promotion of education among minorities, Deptt. of Education is implementing schemes of area intensive programme and modernisation of Madarsa education. Ministry of Labour is implementing a scheme of ITIs for propagation of employment oriented technical education to minorities.

(vii) States/UTs were asked to issue orders to enable District Collectors to disburse ex-gratia to the victims of communal violence expenditiously under TR 27.

(viii) Effective monitoring of accrual of benefits to minorities under various development and poverty alleviation programme is being done.

Export of Steel

2209. SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:
SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:
SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR:

Will the Minister of STEEL be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that India is emerging as a large seller and exporter of steel;

(b) if so, the demand, consumption and production figures of steel in the country during 1995-96 and the preceding three years; and

(c) the countries to which steel exports during the ensuing year are targetted, indicating the likely amount of exports to each of them?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINISTER OF MINES (SHRI BIRENDRA PRASAD BAISHYA): (a) Yes, Sir. Steel exports from India have shown a quantum increase in recent years. During the years 1994-95 and 1995-96, 1.3 million tonnes and 1.5 million tonnes respectively of saleable steel was exported by India.

(b) The apparent consumption of steel in a year is the actual demand in that year. Apparent consumption of steel is arrived at by subtracting export of steel from the total domestic production and import of steel in the country. Change in stock is also adjusted in arriving at the consumption figures. The apparent con-